Precollege Results from the Voluntary Support of Education (VSE) Survey, 2018







CONTENTS

Introduction	3
Voluntary Support of Precollege Institutions by Source	3
Voluntary Support of Precollege Institutions By Purpose	4
Growth In Support of Precollege Institutions Compared with Higher Education Institutions	6
In Pre-College Fundraising, Capital Purpose Gifts Dominate	7
Methodology	8

© 2019 Council for Advancement and Support of Education Original publication date: APRIL 2019

All rights reserved. No part of the material in this document may be reproduced or used in any form, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, posting or distributing, or by any information storage and retrieval system, without the written consent of the Council for Advancement and Support of Education.

Limit of Liability/Disclaimer: While the publisher has used its best efforts in preparing this document, it makes no representations or warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the contents of this paper. No liability or responsibility of any kind (to extent permitted by law), including responsibility for negligence is accepted by the Council for Advancement and Support of Education, its servants or agents. All information gathered is believed correct at publication date. Neither the publisher nor the author is engaged in rendering legal, accounting or other professional services. If legal advice or other expert assistance is required, the services of a competent professional should be sought.

ABOUT CASE

CASE believes in advancing education to transform lives and society. As a global nonprofit membership association of educational institutions, CASE helps develop the communities of professional practice that build institutional resilience and success in challenging times. The communities include staff engaged in alumni relations, fundraising, marketing, student recruitment, stakeholder engagement, crisis communications and government relations. CASE is volunteer-led and uses the intellectual capital of senior practitioners to build capacity and capability across the world.

CASE has offices in Washington, D.C., London, Singapore and Mexico City. Member institutions include more than 3,700 colleges and universities, primary and secondary independent and international schools, and nonprofit organizations in 82 countries. CASE serves nearly 91,000 practitioners. For more information about CASE, please visit **www.case.org**.



A global resource for educational advancement-related metrics, benchmarks and analytics, providing a comprehensive, data-rich resource for schools, universities and colleges.

case.org/AMATLAS



London • Mexico City • Singapore • Washington, DC

Advancing education to transform lives and society.

Introduction

In 2018, 110 precollege institutions replied to the Voluntary Support of Education (VSE) Survey. A core group of 101 replied in both 2017 and 2018. The core group of institutions reported significant increases in support from all sources and for most major purposes.

This report summarizes basic findings about precollege respondents' fundraising outcomes.

Detailed data at the institution level are available in CASE's Data Miner program, which is a member benefit.

CASE members who do not have accounts and would like one, should email vse@case.org and request an invitation. Non-member institutions may purchase a subscription. Inquire about subscriptions at the same email address.

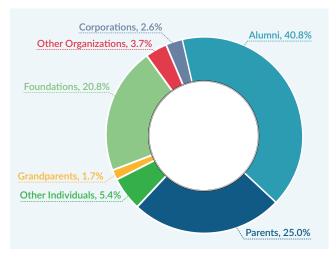
Voluntary Support of Precollege Institutions by Source

Alumni contributed 40.8 percent of the gifts to precollege survey respondents. Parents contributed another 25 percent. The dominance of these two donor types is consistent year-over-year.

Precollege fundraising is sharply focused on student education. Universities, in contrast, have programs with a wider reach. For example, they may have research labs, hospitals, and other programs that receive philanthropic funds. Foundations and corporations often find a fit between their philanthropic missions and these extra-educational programs.

Foundations also play a role in precollege fundraising, however. Just over 20 percent of respondents' gifts came from foundations. Nearly 70 percent of precollege foundation donors were classified by respondents as family foundations. In higher education about one-third of foundations are family foundations.

Voluntary Support by Source as Reported by Precollege Survey Respondents, 2018



All types of contributors gave more to precollege respondents in 2018. In 2017, personal gifts

increased, but gifts from corporations, foundations, and other organizations declined.

Voluntary Support of Precollege Institutions by Source, 2017 and 2018 (Dollars in Thousands)

	All Institutions Reporting							Core Group
		2017		2018				
Source of Support	P Amount	ercentage of Total	Average per Institution	Amount	Percentage of Total	Average per Institution	% Change in Average	% Change in Total Support
Alumni	\$436,816	38.1	\$3,866	\$502,647	40.8	\$4,569	18.2	21.1
Parents	282,717	24.7	2,502	307,629	25.0	2,797	11.8	13.3
Grandparents	16,897	1.5	150	21,200	1.7	193	28.9	36.2
Other Individuals	85,618	7.5	758	66,735	5.4	607	-19.9	22.7
Corporations	32,008	2.8	283	32,496	2.6	295	4.3	7.3
Foundations	250,909	21.9	2,220	256,072	20.8	2,328	4.8	7.0
Other Organizations	40,036	3.5	354	46,099	3.7	419	18.3	18.9
Total All Sources	\$1,145,001	100.0	\$10,133	\$1,232,878	100.0	\$11,208	10.6	15.8
Number of institutions reporting			113			110		101

Voluntary Support of Precollege Institutions By Purpose

As is often the case, contributions for capital purposes rose more than did gifts for current operations among the VSE independent school survey respondents. While deferred gift income declined, the category is so small that modest changes in amounts result in large percentage-change figures.

In addition to newly established deferred gifts and loan funds, capital purposes include property, buildings, and equipment as well as gifts to endowments. Both rose strongly in 2018. Gifts for or of property, buildings, and equipment increased 34.3 percent, the strongest increase of any of the broad purposes of gifts covered in the survey.

Notably, in 2018, gifts to endowment with no restrictions on income rose 18.4 percent, while gifts to endowment, income restricted, rose a more-modest 4.6 percent. This finding also applies to higher education institutions. Gifts to endowment, unrestricted, rose 48.4 percent, while gifts to endowment, restricted, rose 10.4 percent among a core group of 871 institutions that replied in 2017 and 2018.

As was the case for deferred gifts, the dollar amount of unrestricted endowment gifts is small, and, therefore, a small change in amount produces a large percentage change. That said, it is not common for the growth in gifts to endowment, unrestricted, to exceed that of gifts to endowment, restricted.

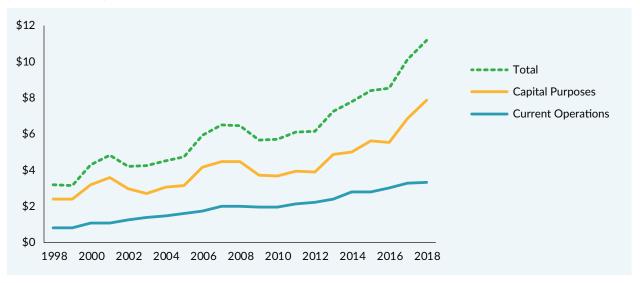
Voluntary Support of Precollege Institutions by Purpose, 2017 and 2018 (Dollars in Thousands)

All Institutions Reporting									
	2017			2018					
	P		Average per		_	Average per	% Change	% Change in	
Purpose of Support	Amount	of Total	Institution	Amount	of Total	Institution	in Average	Total Support	
Current Operations									
Unrestricted	\$282,618	24.7	\$2,501	\$271,421	22.0	\$2,467	-1.3	2.5	
Restricted	88,168	7.7	780	94,910	7.7	863	10.6	9.9	
Total	\$370,786	32.4	\$3,281	\$366,330	29.7	\$3,330	1.5	4.3	
Capital Purposes									
Deferred Gifts	\$38,066	3.3	\$337	\$11,049	0.9	\$100	-70.2	-44.1	
Property, Buildings, and Equipment	420,261	36.7	3,719	537,227	43.6	4,884	31.3	34.3	
Endowment: Income Unrestricted	66,769	5.8	591	72,003	5.8	655	10.8	18.4	
Endowment: Income Restricted	249,118	21.8	2,205	246,162	20.0	2,238	1.5	4.6	
Loan Funds	1	0.0	0	106	0.0	1	*	*	
Total	\$774,216	67.6	\$6,851	\$866,547	70.3	\$7,878	15.0	21.3	
Total All Purposes	\$1,145,001	100.0	\$10,133	\$1,232,878	100.0	\$11,208	10.6	15.8	
Number of Institutions Reporting			113			110		101	
*Values are too low to gener	ate meaningful pe	ercentages.							

Growth In Support of Precollege Institutions Compared with Higher Education Institutions

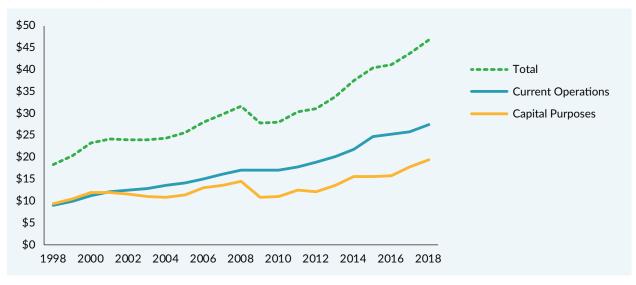
The average amount each responding precollege institution raised increased in most years. Capital purpose support is primary in precollege fundraising, though there is a steady and even growth in annual fund contributions as well.

Average Contributions per Reponding Precollege Institution, 1998–2018 (Dollars in Millions)



In contrast to precollege fundraising, higher education institutions raise more for current operations than for capital purposes.

Total Contributions to Higher Education Institutions, 1998–2018 (Dollars in Billions)

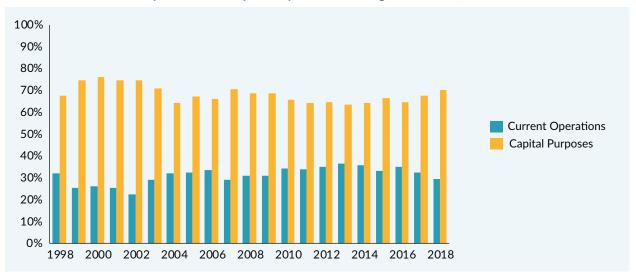


In Pre-College Fundraising, Capital Purpose Gifts Dominate

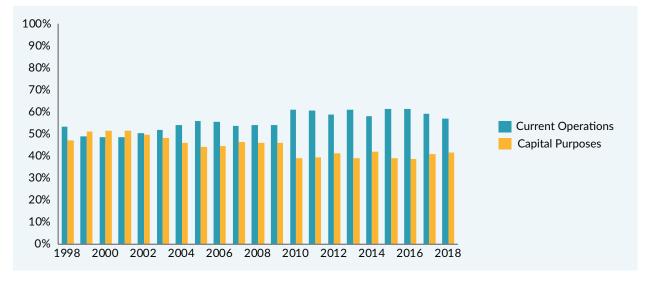
The following two charts depict this contrast as well. They show that, not only do capital purpose

gifts exceed current operations gifts in precollege fundraising, the difference between the two types of support in gifts to precollege institutions is larger.

Contributions for Current Operations and Capital Purposes to Precollege Institutions, 1998-2018



Contributions for Current Operations and Capital Purposes to Higher Education Institutions, 1998–2018



Methodology

The 2018 survey collected data on charitable gifts and grants raised from private sources for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2018 (with a few institutions reporting on different fiscal calendars). Participation varied considerably by type of institution. The number of U.S. higher education participants in 2018 was 929. They represent about a third of colleges and universities in the U.S. but raised 79.7 percent of total voluntary support of U.S. higher education institutions in the 2017–2018 academic fiscal year.

Note there are key differences between the amounts reported as national estimates and those that summarize survey responses, from which the national estimates are derived. By developing national estimates each year, CASE can correct for annual differences in participation.

CASE approaches the estimation process in two ways. First, CASE considers the percentage change in support by source group and by major purpose category among institutions that participate for two consecutive years—the core group of institutions. Since the core group's gift income typically represents more than 90 percent of all reported gift income, the group's data provide a robust set

of benchmarks on year-to-year changes, which can be applied to the previous year's national estimates. However, because the core-group results may be more positive than those we would get were the survey to achieve full participation, CASE adjusts the degree of change in the national estimates downward as appropriate by comparison with the core group.

Second, CASE looks at participation by Carnegie classification, which groups higher education institutions into basic types. The average total support per type of nonparticipating institution varies from 15 to 40 percent of what was reported on average by participating institutions. Nonparticipants tend to be smaller, and there is a tendency not to participate after a weak year. In addition, the response rate varies by Carnegie classification. Participation is highest among research/doctoral institutions and lowest among associate's (two-year) institutions. CASE derives estimates of support among nonparticipants by Carnegie classification. The sum of these estimates and the survey results are generally close to the national estimates arrived at by the first method described. If not, CASE reviews and adjusts factors and weights until there is reasonable consistency across the entire model.

For further information about this report contact Ann E. Kaplan, Senior Director, Voluntary Support of Education (VSE) Survey: akaplan@case.org or 917-979-4827

